Endoplasmic Reticulum stress in bordering epithelium of Crohn's disease patients with intestinal fibrosis

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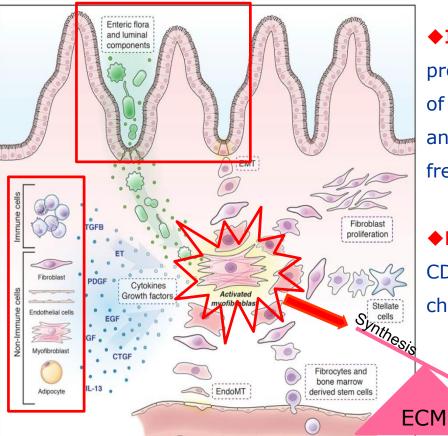
Disclosure of Conflicts of Interest:

Conflict of interest:

No conflicts

***** ECCO

Introduction



- ◆Intestinal fibrosis is a chronic and progressive process characterized by an excessive accumulation of extracellular matrix (ECM) leading to stiffening and/or scarring of the involved tissue, which is a frequent indication for surgery in CD.
- ◆Bordering epithelium is thought to be involved in CD fibrosis initiation as it is the primary site of chronic inflammation and tissue damages.

Degradation

Bordering epithelium

Components and pathways of intestinal fibrosis

Rieder F, Fiocchi C, Rogler G. Gastroenterology 2017 Friedman SL, et al. Sci Transl Med 2013 Latella G, et al. J Crohns Colitis 2014



Descriptive proteomic study for evaluation of bordering epithelium contribution to intestinal fibrosis

<u>Aim</u>: Comparing the proteomes of bordering epithelial cells isolated in zones adjacent to sub-mucosa showing different degree of inflammation and fibrosis

Patients inclusion and sample selection CD cases - CHU Liège:

=> Tissue gradation by anatomopathologist

Normal tissue (N)

Inflammation (tissue infiltration)

mild (I1) < moderate (I2) < severe (I3)

Fibrosis (ECM remodeling and accumulation)

mild (F1) < moderate (F2) < severe (F3)

=> Masson's trichrome staining (specific for ECM)

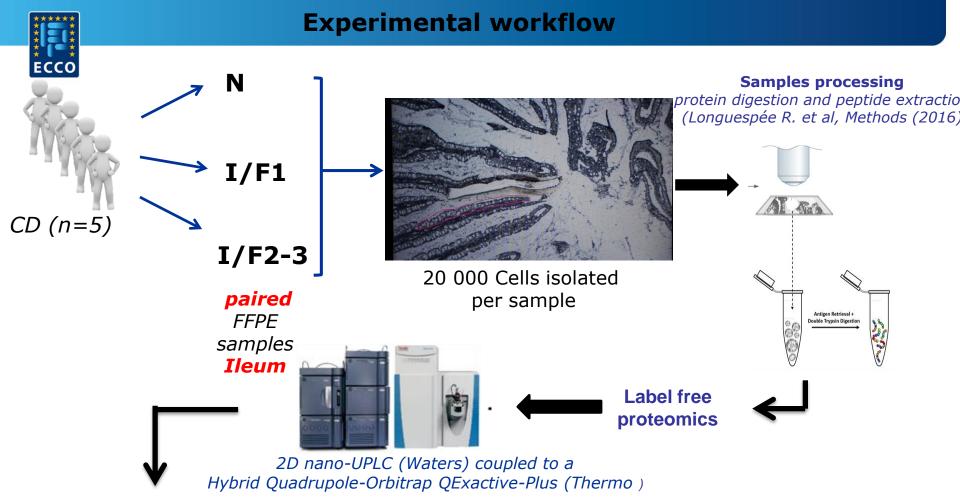
CD cases 2009-2014

n=122
Stricture or fibrosis

n=78
Surgical specimen

n=30

Bordering epithelium
Quantity for LCM and
proteomics
n=5



Data Analysis:

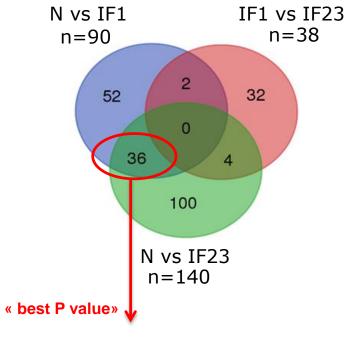
MaxQuant for Protein identification and Label free quantitation (LFQ)
Perseus (VS 1.5.6.0) Differential analysis and Gene Ontology annotations

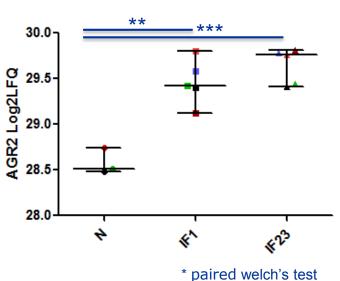




Results of the proteomic study

- > 1249 proteins identified / quantified in at least 50% of the group replicates
- ➤ Differential analysis: 226 Proteins with p<0.05 in at least one of the comparisons adressed





AGR-2- HUMAN (hAG2 or Gob-4) **Anterior gradient protein 2 homolog**



Confirmation by immunohistochemistry of AGR2 distribution (CD patients, n=30)

Global scoring system

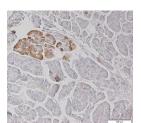
0: no staining

1: weak

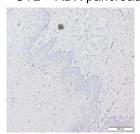
2: medium

3: strong

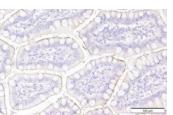
4: very strong



CTL + ADK pancreas



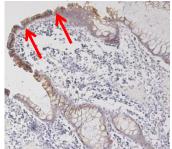
Ab Isotype -CTL esophagus



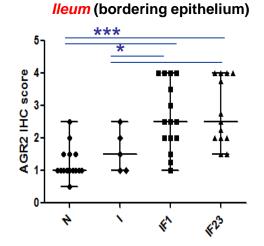
lleum NL (score 1)



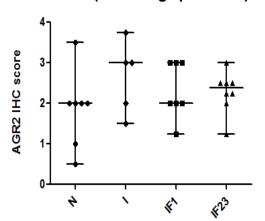
Ileum IF1 (score 2 and 3)



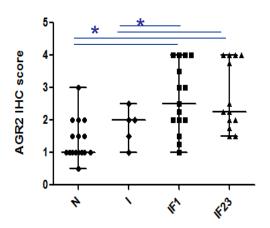
lleum IF2-3 (score 4)



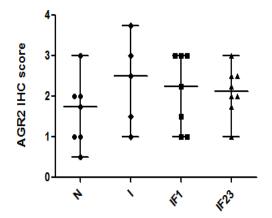
Colon (bordering epithelium)



lleum (crypt epithelium)



Colon (crypt epithelium)

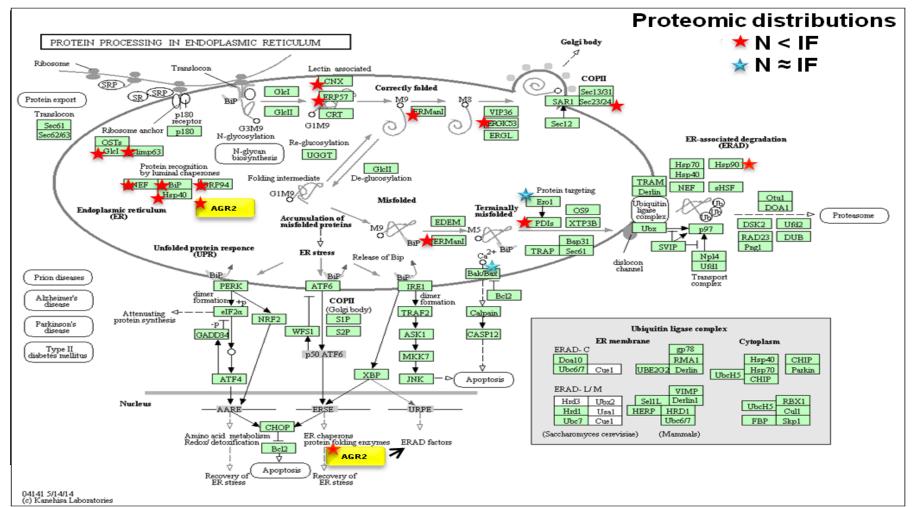


*Unpaired non parametric test



AGR2

- ECCO
 - Chaperon protein with phosphodissulfide isomerase activity and is involved in protein folding and protein maturation control
 - > Involved in **ER stress** and Unfolded Protein Response
 - Down regulated in IBD compared to healthy controls
 - > Control EMT in cancer cells (worse outcome, metastasis, resistance to treatment)



ECCO

Conclusions and perspectives

Proteomics (n=5 patients, 13 paired samples)

- •We could identify many proteins of ER stress/ homeostasis which were increased when fibrosis (associated to stenosis) is present compared to the normal paired tissue
- •AGR2 is the most significant one and show a higher proteomic signal at higer fibrosis stages (F2-3)

AGR2 IHC confirmation (n=30 patients, 150 samples)

•AGR2 IHC score: N≈ I <IF1/2-3 in ileum , but not in colon

Perspectives:

- •IHC confirmation of AGR2 and other ER stress proteins on a larger CD set of patients/tissues
- •Study AGR2 involvment in induced ER stress in cell culture model

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Clinical data patients



Gender (M/F) n:	3/2	17/13
Age (years), P50 ; range:	32	40
	31-40	17 – 70

Disease Duration, (years), P50 ; range: ;

8.5 12 **4.5-12.5** 0 – 46

Surgery, n:	5	30
Ileocaecectomy, n:	1	6
Ileocolectomy, n:	<i>3</i>	<i>17</i>
Coloproctectomy, n:	1	7

Other concomitant lesions/complications: stenosis/ stricutre n: 3 16

stenosis/ stricutre n: 3 16 Fistulae n: 1 19

Dysplasia n: 0

CD ulcers, n: 5 28

Previous IBD related surgeries:

0 <i>n:</i>	1	14
1 <i>n:</i>	2	6
≥2 <i>n</i> :	2	10

Surgical specimen for protemics (n=5) Surgical specimen(n=30)

Treatments before surgery:

none n:
Immuno-modulator (stopped before surgery) n:
Biologics (stopped before surgery) n:
Antimetabolites n:
Antibiotherapy n:

1 23
2 7
0 1
2 11

Analgesic n:

Biological data available before surgery

Hb (g/dL) n, P50 ; range: **4/5, 12.2; 9.2-14.7** 29/30, 12 ; 9.2 - 15.9

CRP (mg/L) n, P50 ; range: 4/5, 43.95; 1.5-62 28/30, 12.5 ; 0.8-261.8

Platelet count (10³/mm³) n, P50; range:

4/5, 392; 233-476 28/30, 359 ; 203 - 762

Leukocyte count (10³/mm³) ,n, P50 ; range:

4/5, 7.46; 3.84-9.87 29/30, 8.5; 2.5- 17.4